

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

Vol. IX. No. 149

Gettysburg Pa Thursday, April 13 1911

Price Two Cents

EASTER FOOTWEAR
FOR EVERYBODY
EASTER HEADWEAR
FOR MEN
STORE CLOSSES THIS WEEK
AT 7-15
ECKFERT'S STORE
"ON THE SQUARE"

WIZARD THEATRE

Selig Western Melies Western Pathe
THE OUTBREAK
An Indian story of the early 80's—full of dash and sensation
IN THE HOT LANDS
A catchy story of a Texas girl's noble display of heroism
BETTY IS STILL AT HER OLD TRICKS
A laughable picture
THE MOLUCCA ISLANDS
A Good scenic

Some Typical Spring Styles

- The Newest Creations -
Nothing Extreme - Nothing Premature.
Just the Essence of Quiet Refinement.

J. D. Lippy,
Tailor.

PASTIME THEATRE

Ramer and Holtzworth, Proprietors. Miss Maggie Wills Pianist
ECLIPSE KALEM ECLIPSE
COMMANDER
One of the Company's best dramas.
THE BROKEN TRAIL
An Indian - Cowboy picture taken amid the Mountains of Lower
California. Marvelous western riders.
THE Beauties of San Souci, built by Frederick the great Eclipse
The colors in this picture are fine.

Latest Spring Woolens and Furnishings now in our store

The Cheapest is Seldom the Best
The Best is Always the Cheapest
To Us for the Best

Seligman & McIlhenny

UNDER OUR
NEW MANAGEMENT EXCLUSIVE LINES
A Modern Well Equipped Huyler's Candies
Drug Store Eastman Kodaks
at the Old Stand, Eastman Kodak Supplies
We ask a Share Reach Sporting Goods
of your Business Reach Base Ball Supplies

Hubers Drug Store

L. L. Topper
Graduate in Pharmacy

RECORD YOUR DEEDS

By an Act of Assembly of 1893, "All Deeds and Conveyances shall be recorded within ninety days after their execution, or shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against subsequent purchasers."
Also the Act of Assembly of 1909, prescribes a short form of Deeds, and "again requires the recording to make them valid."
It is also a great protection against loss or deed being burned by having them recorded, and costs but a small sum, compared to getting a new deed.
Bring or send them into the Recorder's office, and in a few days they will be returned to you.

JACOB. A. APPLER, RECORDER

ICE THREE FEET DEEP

was not frozen in a day, nor is our immense business of mushroom growth. We grew fast, but we grew strong, and with the times. See us at our office any time before the 30th day of April 1911., and get a 3 oz. bottle of DR. HUDSON'S SURE COLIC CURE (Guaranteed) regular \$1.00 size, and with this purchase, we will give free of charge, bottle of DR. HUDSON'S LIQUID CONDITIONER FREE FREE FREE. Costs you nothing. We are determined to get every farmer in Adams County acquainted with the World's Best Horse Medicine.

DR. HUDSON'S LIQUID CONDITIONER.
Remember any time before the 30th day of April 1911. and not after.

MUST RESPECT FIRE POLICE

Company Takes Action to Give Fire Police All Due Authority to Restrict Crowds. Will Hold Food Sale for Relief Fund.

At the meeting of the Gettysburg Fire Company on Wednesday evening it was decided to have the new fire police sworn in and to purchase badges for them in order to facilitate their work at the future fires in town.

At both the last two fires the police were on hand and tried to establish fire lines and hold the crowds in check but were unable to do it as the people disputed their authority and they had nothing whatever to show when they tried to put their plans into execution. As a result the firemen were hampered in their work and had the usual amount of trouble with interference. Full authority will now be vested in the police after they have been sworn in by Burgess Holtzworth and their badges should be sufficient evidence to control disinterested spectators.

At Wednesday night's meeting it was also decided to hold a large food sale for the benefit of the relief fund for firemen injured or disabled while performing their duties as members of the company. As outlined in these columns recently the fund has been started with \$300 and it is hoped to increase this in various ways.

The food sale will be held in the engine house and on Monday evening at seven o'clock a meeting of all the members and friends of the fire company, especially the women, who are interested in the organization, are requested to meet at that place to make arrangements for the sale.

SURPRISE PARTY

On Thursday evening Mrs. E. Frank Herr, of Greenmount was given a birthday surprise party. Those present were, Mr. and Mrs. E. Frank Herr, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Bigham, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rohrbaugh, Mr. and Mrs. Upton Stoner, Misses Bessie Shriver, Beulah Bollinger, Myrtle Shriver, Bessie Plank, Nina Wolfe, Lillie Harner, Mary Small, Margaret Fair, Nellie Harner, Ruth Herr, Catharine Rohrbaugh, Dorothea Fair, Esther Rohrbaugh, Lida Rohrbaugh and Alice Rohrbaugh, Messrs. Frank Harner, Leslie Fair, Clarence Wolf, Ray Herr, Cleason Fair, Russel Rohrbaugh, Walter Stoner, Donald Fair, Ralph Stoner and John Rohrbaugh.

STONESIFER-COOK

C. H. Stonesifer of Waynesboro, and Miss Minnie Cook, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cook, Reid, Md., were married Wednesday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the Lutheran parsonage, Waynesboro, by Rev. C. H. Rocky.

After the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Stonesifer left Waynesboro on a week's wedding trip to Baltimore, Washington and other Eastern cities.

Mr. Stonesifer, who is a son of Abraham Stonesifer, Adams County, went to Waynesboro half a dozen years ago and purchased a carriage-making establishment. He has conducted it very successfully and has brought to it a very large amount of work.

LANTERNS FOUND

The lanterns that were stolen from the Gettysburg Gas Company's ditch one night last week were found in the alley in the rear of York street. The party saw the reward offered in The Times and evidently put them there fearing arrest. It was not the value of the lanterns that the Gas Company was after but it was because of the danger to the public when lanterns are removed from a ditch that caused the steps to be taken to apprehend the guilty party.

30,000 SEED PACKAGES

Twenty-eight thousand packets of vegetable and 2000 packets of flower seeds furnished by the government have been distributed in York and Adams counties by Congressman D. F. Lefebvre, during the past several weeks. Practically every family in the boroughs and townships in the district received a quantity of seeds.

Anyone who has been missed in the distribution can secure seeds by addressing Mr. Lefebvre at York.

COLLEGE BOYS GONE

The Spring recess at college started on Wednesday at noon and will continue for one week. All but about thirty of the students have left town. On Monday the musical clubs start on their nine day 900 mile trip and will give a concert upon their return here.

A GOOD restaurant in Gettysburg? Yes, Raymond's Cafe.

THE finest line of blooming Easter plants ever offered. From Tuesday on. Cremer, florist.

MISSIONARY CONVENTION

Convention Lasting Several Days to Hold Sessions Next Week at Seminary and in Brua Chapel. Well Known Speakers.

Following the two days' educational convention to be held next week at the local Theological Seminary at which about twenty three colleges and seminaries will be represented, a missionary convention will be held with about fifty delegates present from various Lutheran educational institutions.

The convention will open on Thursday evening in the new refectory with a reception to the visitors. The first session will be held Friday morning in the Seminary Chapel with Dr. J. A. W. Hass, president of Muhlenberg College, presiding. Addresses will be made by Dr. L. B. Wolf, Rev. E. Neudorfer and Prof. Jacob Fry D. D.

The afternoon session Friday will take place in Brua Chapel, addresses being made by Rev. S. J. McDowell, Dr. J. C. Kuntzman and Rev. J. F. Ohl. The evening session will also be held in Brua Chapel and the program includes an address by Dr. C. T. Benze and one by Rev. A. B. Van Ormer, who has recently been selected to represent Gettysburg College at teachers' institutes.

The Saturday morning session will be devoted to business and will be held in the Seminary Chapel. In the afternoon the delegates will visit the battlefield and in the evening at College Church there will be a number of ten minute talks.

Sunday morning Dr. D. H. Bauslin will preach a missionary sermon before St. James Lutheran congregation in Brua Chapel and Dr. J. A. W. Hass will preach in the College Church. At 3:15 in the afternoon a men's mass meeting will be held in the College Church with Harry J. Gerhardt discussing "The Laymen's Movement". The last session will be held Sunday evening in the College Church with addresses by Dr. H. E. Jacobs and President J. Henry Harms. Dr. Hass, the chairman of the convention will make a farewell address.

The large number of speakers well known in Gettysburg should make the convention of unusual interest here. A missionary exhibit will be held in the Recitation Building of the Seminary during the week.

MRS. SUSAN CRIST

Mrs. Susan Crist died about nine o'clock Wednesday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William H. Stock, near New Oxford, aged about ninety years.

She leaves, beside Mrs. Stock, the following children, Mrs. George H. Bittling, of near Arendtsville; Mrs. Levi Crum, of Flora Dale; Rev. I. B. Crist, of Howard, New York; Cornelius Crist, Los Angeles, California; Wesley Crist, Shreve, Ohio.

Funeral Friday with interment at noon in the Arendtsville cemetery conducted by the Rev. D. T. Koser.

RUNAWAY

Lewis Gise, tenant on the farm of David Hoke, in Conowago Township, drove to Hanover Wednesday morning in a one-horse spring wagon, hitching his horse in front of Frey and Sheffer's implement warehouse. The animal some time thereafter became frightened, tore the hitching strap and ran up the street at a rapid gait, colliding with a tree. The horse's head struck the tree with great force, causing the animal to fall. Its head was badly injured, and one of the shafts of the wagon broken. The animal was taken to H. A. Smith's exchange stable, where it received proper treatment.

VOLUNTARY BANKRUPTS

William Henry and Penrose Myers of this place, have been adjudicated voluntary bankrupts in the United States Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania at Scranton. Mr. Henry places his liabilities at \$585.53 and his assets at \$90.00. Mr. Myers' liabilities are given as \$750.74 and his assets \$189.75.

RICHARD MARKLEY

Richard Markley, the two year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Markley, of Philadelphia, formerly of this place, died at Harrisburg on Wednesday. The funeral will be held at Harrisburg with interment at Mechanicsburg.

SEVERAL good varieties of strawberry, dewberry, blackberry, red and black raspberry plants for sale. C. G. Shank, Biglerville.

FOR SALE: good stand on Chambersburg street doing large business. Address "G" care Times.

FINE spiraea, lilies, tulips, daffodils, hyacinths, etc. Reasonable prices. Cremer, florist.

WILL WORK FOR PARCELS POST

Congressman Lefebvre Gets Committee Appointment which Puts him in Position to Work for Wishes of Constituents.

Granted his request by James R. Mann, minority floor leader in congress, to be appointed a member of the house committee on postoffices and post roads, Representative D. F. Lefebvre will make an extra effort before the adjournment of the special session to secure the establishment of an experimental parcels post. The bill which was introduced by the York congressman at the opening of the session last week, will be considered by this committee. The Lincoln memorial highway is another project to which Mr. Lefebvre will continue to labor to its final passage.

The establishment of an experimental parcels post system has been advocated by the York Adams representative for some time, as many of his constituents are clamoring for it. There is also, as indicated here, a growing demand for a general parcels post, as it could be put in operation and maintained without any additional cost to the government, making it a good money maker.

The Lefebvre bill for a Lincoln memorial highway between Washington and Gettysburg will be acted upon by the committee on military affairs. Mr. Lefebvre is enthusiastic over the outlook of the project. The road, if built, would connect with the Spout main highways for which the state of Pennsylvania is considering spending \$50,000,000.

THIEVES AT MCKNIGHTSTOWN

Thieves visited McKnightstown station one night recently. They failed in an attempt to enter Grant Harbaugh's smoke house though the outside lock was broken off. A new wheelbarrow and some chickens were stolen from some of Mr. Harbaugh's neighbor, however, but the party was frightened away before getting any other booty.

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS

BONNEAUVILLE

Bonneauville, April 13—Miss Ella Benner was taken to the York hospital on Tuesday for treatment.

Fabian Staub and wife spent Wednesday in New Oxford.

Miss Annie Wagner spent several days with Miss Annie Staub.

Mr. and Mrs. John Miller spent Sunday with Peter Sentz and family.

Mrs. Lindaman was the guest of her brother, Harry Little, Sunday.

Miss Cathryn Staub and brother John, transacted business in Hanover Monday.

E. L. Golden has ordered automobiles for Eugene Melhorn and Simon Myers which will be shipped to Gettysburg the latter part of the week.

Miss Mary Miller spent several days with Miss Mary Berge.

Those who spent Sunday at the home of Eugene Melhorn were, J. F. Miller, wife and daughter, Mary, Simon Myers, Charles Klunk, Mrs. Cleveland Hartlaub.

Christian Gebhart was a visitor in New Oxford Friday.

John Wagner is having his home remodeled by having his house papered and painted.

Mrs. William Noel spent several days with her daughter, Mrs. John Bennet, of Midway.

Miss Rosie Keiser will be employed in Noel's store.

Miss Mary Sanders has resigned her position as clerk in Noel's store.

TOURIST PARTIES

A party of well known Baltimore people arrived at the Eagle Wednesday evening to spend a few days here. They rode here and will make the return trip the same way. The party consists of Theodore Marburg, Miss Christine Marburg, Miss Margaret Bonal, Miss Frances Dixon, Miss Elizabeth Jencks, Edwin Warfield Jr., and John E. Semmes Jr.

Another tourist party which arrived at the Eagle Wednesday evening was composed of seven school teachers from Windsor Locks, Connecticut.

FINE hyacinths, tulips, daffodils, lilies, spiraea, azaleas and all other Easter plants at Cremer's.

MANY OBSERVE EASTER SEASON

Gift Giving Prevails almost to Same Extent as at Christmas. Stores Show Signs of Easter Trade. The Religious Observance.

The observance of Eastertide this spring is apparently more general in Gettysburg than for many years. On all sides are evidences of the customs and traditions of the festivals and almost as much is being made of the event as of Christmas.

The gift giving customs of Christmas are becoming more prevalent than ever about Easter time. Numerous gifts of potted plants and other beautiful flowers are being made and the local florists carry a larger line than ever.

As might be expected the fancy post card dealers report substantial sales of Easter cards. Little booklets and other publications suitable to the Easter season are being used as gifts and the custom of giving Easter presents is becoming more and more general.

The business side of the Easter trade is occupying the attention of the town merchants. The children are delighted with the numerous displays of chocolate rabbits and eggs, with little chickens and other animals which custom has decreed shall be judged appropriate to the season.

Those stores catering to the clothing trade are offering new lines of spring garments while all the necessary accessories to a complete Easter outfit may be had at the furnishing shops.

The sentimental and commercial aspects of the Easter season, however, do not eclipse the real religious observance of the great church festival as is attested by the special services this week in the churches of town and the preparations for the numerous Easter programs in church and Sunday School on Sunday.

Mrs. Curtis Hamme has bought the Samuel Baugher property with improvements, at the edge of East Berlin, where the Hamme family has been residing the past few years. Consideration \$475.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town. People Visiting here and those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Miss Annie Danner went to Emmitsburg today to spend several weeks at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Charles Reinwald.

Miss Clara Bailey and Mrs. Harry Culp spent the day in Harrisburg.

Miss Katharine Duncan has returned home from Washington to spend the Easter vacation.

Mrs. J. R. Dickson and Miss Martha Dickson were Harrisburg visitors today.

Ervin Bucher has gone to Shippensburg to attend the Spring session of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School.

Mrs. Stearns has returned to New York after spending several days with Mrs. Potts on Lincoln avenue.

Dr. J. W. Tudor was a business visitor in New Oxford this morning.

Joseph Ocker spent the day in Hanover on business.

Miss Julia Cannon, of Knoxville, Tennessee, and Misses Florence and Elizabeth Hersh, of New Oxford, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Duncan on Lincoln avenue.

Maurice Bender has returned from Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, to spend the Easter vacation at his home here.

John Blocher and John Brown were visitors in New Oxford today.

Rev. J. R. Hutchison, of West Middle street, was in York Wednesday attending a conference on arrangements for this year's Penn Grove assembly. Mrs. Hutchison has been in York for several days attending a missionary convention.

There will be a meeting of the High School Alumni Association in the new High School building Friday evening at 7 o'clock.

A. C. Givler has sold his farm, (the Gelvin farm), in Huntington township to John Hays, Esq., of Carlisle, for \$10,000.

YORK SPRINGS

York Springs, April 13—William Fissel and wife, of near Hampton, spent Thursday with Michael Hoke and family.

Dr. and Mrs. E. W. Cashman spent Thursday at Carlisle.

Harry Bolen of Philadelphia, visited his parents, Jacob Bolen and wife, recently.

Michael Hoke and son, Bert, were in Hanover on Friday.

Dr. May, of York, made a business trip to town one day recently.

Charles Walls and wife attended the funeral of Mrs. Walls' uncle, John Heikes, on Sunday.

George Hoover and William Lauver of Bendersville, were in town on Tuesday night.

INSPECT DAIRY FARMS

More than fifty thousand dairy farms in Pennsylvania are now being carefully inspected by officers of the State Department of Health in furtherance of the campaign which State Health Commissioner Dixon is waging to give the people pure milk.

This is the seventh inspection of its kind that the department has made and each one has been productive of greatly improved sanitary conditions on the dairy farms as shown by the reports of the health officers. The inspections are made at stated periods throughout the year. They extend not only to the premises producing milk wholesale and retail distribution, but also to every farm producing milk for sale at creameries, to butter-making establishments, cheese factories, condenseries, etc.

The cleanliness of the cow, the sanitary condition of the stable, the cow yard and the milk house are all carefully investigated and rigidly reported. The cleanliness of the persons who do the milking receives particular attention. Then there is the matter of handling the milk.

FINE spiraea, lilies, tulips, daffodils, hyacinths etc. Reasonable prices. Cremer, florist.

Eat Ziegler's bread.

ROOMS papered for \$2.50. Gilbert.

GET your Easter flowers of Cremer. Prices reasonable for the quality of the stock.

The Gettysburg Times

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY
Times and News Publishing Company.

W. Laverne Hafer,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Philip R. Bickle,
President

Philip R. Bickle, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Served by carrier in Gettysburg for 25 cents per month.
Mailed outside of Gettysburg for 25 cents per month.
Single copies to non-subscribers, 2 cents.

If you receive The Times by mail you can find the date up to which you are paid, on the pink address label on your paper. The date will be changed within four days after your money is received at The Times office.

Entered August 15, 1904, at Gettysburg, Pa., as second-class matter, under Congress March 3, 1879.

BELL PHONE

UNITED PHONE

Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

The United Publishers Association of New York City has investigated, and certifies to, the circulation of this publication. These facts have been established, and guaranteed to advertisers.

No. *Arthur Vappell*
PRESIDENT

THIS PAPER REPRESENTED FOR FOREIGN ADVERTISING BY THE

AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

GENERAL OFFICES
NEW YORK AND CHICAGO
BRANCHES IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL CITIES

Want ads. 1 cent per word for first insertion and one-half cent per word for each additional insertion. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by the American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

Our advertising columns are open to all candidates and all parties.

Spring Goods

are now coming in, but reductions in price will continue until April 1st., with the exception of the REGAL SHOES.

C. B. Kitzmiller

Announcement

I have leased the newly remodeled store room from Mr. H. J. Brinkerhoff, opposite the site for the New Post Office, on Baltimore Street, and will open a Jewelry Store APRIL 11th.

I am a graduate of the Bowman Technical School of Watch Making and Engraving, of Lancaster, Pa.

Repairing of all kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a Specialty.

My store will be stocked with a line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Diamonds, Talking Machines and Souvenirs. Don't fail to visit the new JEWELRY STORE and bring your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry needing repairs with you and give me a trial.

I will appreciate a share of your patronage.

J. William Hull.

EASTER

BOOKLETS - 5 to 15 cts.
POST CARDS - 1 to 15 cts.

The Best and Largest Assortment in Town

All Kinds of Colors for the "Rabbit" to use on Eggs

People's Drug Store.

COME and LOOK

Having bought out Mr. Skelly's interest in the Skelly and Warner Store will close out the many good things at such a price that you cannot help but buy if you can use them at all. Many things slightly soiled or damaged are nearly given away.

Come and look whether you want to buy or not.

F. WARNER, Dalby Building.

Physical Limitations.

There was a very stupid play presented early in the New York season, an "adaptation" it was called by the author. Even the best natured critics went away in disgust. One newspaper representative turned to another and said, "If that jumble had been presented on the other side of the water it would have been hissed. As there were a lot of foreign visitors present I wonder that it wasn't."

"It really is a wonder," was the other's response. "I would like to have hissed myself, but—you can't hiss and hiss at the same time."—Metropolitan Magazine.

Asking Too Much.

Uncle Josh worked for Lawyer Dalrymple, and he had worked for Lawyer Dalrymple's father and grandfather. Very old, very kind hearted, very amiable, Uncle Josh had one incurable fault—jealousy. He stole everything he could lay his hands on.

Lawyer Dalrymple's stock of patience ran out at last, and when Uncle Josh stole an automobile horn, his master decided to have him arrested. Two or three weeks in jail, Lawyer

Dalrymple thought, was the only cure for the old man's failing.

But Uncle Josh, when he heard of the fate in store for him, pleaded hard. He pleaded his old age, his long years of patient service, his industry, his fidelity, and, since these pleadings had truth in them, Lawyer Dalrymple's heart was touched, and he relented.

"All right, Uncle Josh," he said, "we'll forgive and forget. But two things I insist on. First, you must bring back the automobile horn; second, you must sign a paper never to steal again as long as you live."

Uncle Josh hesitated. Then he said reproachfully:

"Mahs' Harry, I's willin' ter fotch back de auto horn, but—but— Now, look here, Mahs' Harry, you' can't speck me ter sign away mah rights."

Contrary to an idea that seems to have got root in the minds of some folk here and there, careful experiments with the tuberculin test prove conclusively that the application of tuberculin will not only not cause tuberculosis in a healthy animal, but has no harmful effect whatever upon an animal that is affected with tuberculosis or other disease.

DR. B. CLARK HYDE.

Gets Another Trial on Swope Murder Charge.



STRANGLES DAUGHTER

Mother Slays Child During a Fit of Temporary Insanity.

Boston, April 13.—During what is believed to have been a fit of temporary insanity Mrs. Clara Russell strangled her twelve-year-old daughter Marjorie to death at their home in Dorchester.

Mrs. Russell, who is about forty-five years old, lived alone with her child, having been separated from her husband for several years.

Mrs. Russell was brought to the Dorchester municipal court on a murder charge.

FLIES 290 MILES LONDON TO PARIS

Breaks All Records For Continuous Flight in Monoplane.

Paris, April 13.—Pierre Prier arrived at Issy-les-Moulineaux, a suburb of Paris, from London, having made the trip of 290 miles without a stop.

This is the longest continuous flight in an aeroplane on record, and the first time the London-Paris flight has been accomplished without a stop.

Prier left Hendon, near London, on his flight to the Paris suburb. Above the English soil the aviator found fog and squalls, and, going higher and higher in an endeavor to obtain better weather, crossed the English channel near Dover at the height of over 3200 feet.

Leaving the channel behind him, Prier encountered fine weather until he reached Beauvais, fifty-four miles from the French capital, and from that city the rest of his voyage was made through a haze.

Prier was wildly cheered by a dense throng as he stepped out of his machine after alighting on the Issy aviation field.

The monoplane used by the aviator was the historic machine with which Alfred Le Blanc, the French aviator, won the \$20,000 prize by finishing first in the great cross-country race of 488 miles on a circuit east of Paris last summer.

Girl Lost Freckles; Has Sore Face.

Bloomington, Pa., April 13.—In an effort to remove freckles from an otherwise beautiful face, Miss Helen Casey used a lotion advertised to remove freckles after a few applications. The freckles have partly disappeared, but she is suffering from a serious case of blood poisoning.

Cotton Mills' Head Commits Suicide.

Alta Vista, Va., April 13.—A. C. Hutchison, president of the Alta Vista Cotton mills, shot himself while in his office. Mr. Hutchison formerly lived in Charlotte, N. C., where he was secretary of the Victor Cotton mills. Recently he was southern representative of an eastern yarn company.

Roosevelt Speaks In Snow Storm.

Helena, Mont., April 13.—Snow and a chilly wind were the weather conditions Colonel Roosevelt met here. He spoke for about an hour to a large crowd.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

Temp.	Weather.
Albany.....	48 Cloudy.
Atlantic City....	42 Cloudy.
Boston.....	40 Clear.
Buffalo.....	52 Rain.
Chicago.....	54 P. Cloudy.
New Orleans....	74 P. Cloudy.
New York.....	43 Cloudy.
Philadelphia....	40 Cloudy.
St. Louis.....	68 Cloudy.
Washington.....	48 P. Cloudy.

Weather Forecast.

Rain tonight and tomorrow; warmer; brisk winds.

Gettysburg Monumental Works

North P. & R. Depot

Have several carloads of Monuments, Headstones and Markers of handsome design in Barre, Quincy, Westly other Granite and Marble that will be sold on close margins for the next 60 days.

L. H. MEALS—H. S. TROSTLE

BASE BALL SEASON OPENS

"Play Ball" Summons Heard by Anxious Fans.

150,000 SEE THE GAMES

Eastern Clubs Had Sunshine, But Wet Weather Interfered With Those in the West—The Scores.

"Play ball!" is the magic command that reverberates through the land and was joyously received in all the cities having clubs in the American and National leagues.

Approximately 150,000 persons attended the opening games in eight cities yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, April 13.—The world's champions, the Mackmen, were beaten by the Highlanders, before 20,000 people, by the score of 2 to 1, in the opening game of the American league season.

Chief Bender pitched superb ball, but two fatal flaws in the crisis on the part of his play mates beat the great Indian pitcher. Jim Vaughn pitched grand ball for New York and held the title holders to four hits. His support with unimportant exceptions was perfect. Score by innings:

	R.H.E.
New York.....	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—2 7 2
Athletics.....	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 4 3
Batteries—Vaughan, Blair; Bender, Thomas.	

Washington, 8; Boston, 5.

Washington, April 13.—Washington defeated Boston in the opening game. President Taft tossed the ball to the diamond from his box in the grand stand. Score by innings:

	R.H.E.
Washington.....	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 x—8 19 2
Boston.....	0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0—5 7 4
Batteries—Maden, Gray, Street; Wood, Kleinow.	

St. Louis, 12; Cleveland, 3.

St. Louis, April 13.—The opening of the base ball season was attended by a large crowd. St. Louis easily defeated Cleveland. Score by innings:

	R.H.E.
St. Louis.....	1 0 3 5 1 0 0 2 x—12 16 1
Cleveland.....	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 9 7
Batteries—Powell, Clarke; Blanding, Smith.	

At Detroit-Chicago—wet grounds.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.
N. York.....	1	0	1000
Chicago.....	0	0	0000
St. Louis.....	1	0	1000
Athletics.....	0	1	0000
Wash.....	1	0	1000
Boston.....	0	1	0000
Detroit.....	0	0	0000
Cleveland.....	0	1	0000

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, April 13.—The Phillies made a good start in their 1911 pennant race by beating New York here before 30,000 persons by a score of 2 to 0. It was an intensely interesting struggle, with Moore and Ames pitching so well that not a run was scored for eight innings. In the ninth, however, Ames weakened, and with two men on bases Luderus smashed out a two-bagger and scored both runners. Score by innings:

	R.H.E.
Philadelphia.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—3 10 0
New York.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 2 6
Batteries—Moore, Doolin; Ames, Myers.	

An Eleven Inning Tie.

Chicago, April 13.—A drizzling rain interfered with the opening game here, and conditions were far from ideal. Score by innings:

	R.H.E.
Philadelphia.....	1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0—3 10 0
St. Louis.....	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3 4 1
Game called in the eleventh inning; darkness.	
Batteries—Ruelbach, Kling; Sallee, Bresnahan.	

Pittsburg, 14; Cincinnati, 0.

Cincinnati, April 13.—Pittsburg opened the season here with an old-time batting bee and easily defeated the home club. Score by innings:

	R.H.E.
Pittsburg.....	0 0 0 2 1 7 2 0 2—14 17 1
Cincinnati.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 6
Batteries—Adams, Gilson; Fromme, McLean.	

Boston, 2; Brooklyn, 1.

Boston, April 13.—An immense crowd turned out to witness the opening game between Boston and Brooklyn. Score by innings:

	R.H.E.
Boston.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2 4 0
Brooklyn.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 6 2
Batteries—Brown, Graham; Barger, Bergen.	

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Phila.....	1	0	1000
Chicago.....	0	0	0000
Boston.....	1	0	1000
Brooklyn.....	0	1	0000
Pittsburg.....	1	0	1000
Cincinnati.....	0	1	0000
St. Louis.....	0	0	0000
N. York.....	0	1	0000

Kaiser Watches Excavators.

Corfu, April 13.—The German emperor, who is now residing here, was informed of the discovery near the monastery of St. Theodore of bas reliefs of the sixth century before Christ by workmen engaged in excavating. The emperor spent the day watching the work and became so interested that he remained on the scene of the operations without lunching, and before he left presented the workmen with a considerable sum of money.

Immigrant Head at Frisco Out.

Washington, April 13.—Announcement was made here that H. H. North, commissioner of Immigration at San Francisco, has resigned. No successor has been decided upon.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS. As they do not reach the seat of the disease, Catarrh is blood or constitutional disease, and in order cure in you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
For sale by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

SPRING NEWS

EASTER

Our rabbits have arrived and we invite your attention to the finest display of Easter Novelties in this town. We believe the most critical buyer will be pleased.

COFFEE

Ask for Ideal Blend, the acme of perfection in the blending of the finest cup qualities known. Rich in flavor, healthy and absolutely free from imperfections. One trial will convince you.

FRUITS

Our Citrus Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Grape Fruit, etc, are of superior quality, the best we can buy, and we know will please you.

Highest prices paid for Country Produce.

TROUT SEASON

We have a complete line of Fishing Tackle. Supply yourself before the opening of the Trout Season, Saturday, April 15th. We can fill your order.

Buggies and Surreys.

We have received our second car of Buggies and Surreys, and they are fine. Strictly new 1911 styles. Prices specially low for this class of goods. Easter Cards, Letters, Booklets, Novelties and Baskets. Special prices for Sunday Schools.

Gettysburg Department Store.

AMLAASSADOR TO RUSSIA

Curtis Guild, Jr., to Succeed W. W. Rockhill at St. Petersburg.

Washington, April 13.—President Taft will send to the senate the nominations of former Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., of Massachusetts, as ambassador to Russia, and W. W. Rockhill, as ambassador to Turkey.

Mr. Rockhill is at present ambassador to Russia.

Governor Guild is an intimate personal friend of President Taft. He was appointed by the president as special ambassador to Mexico at the time of the centennial celebration of the foundation of that republic.

Mr. Rockhill will succeed Oscar S. Straus, who was secretary of the department of commerce and labor under former President Roosevelt. Mr. Straus resigned the ambassadorship to Turkey several months ago.

HEAVY LOSS IN BATTLES

Three Fights Between Federals and Insurrectos in Mexico.

San Antonio, Tex., April 13.—Three fights between federals and Insurrectos occurred Monday south of Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, in the first of which four federals and two Insurrectos were killed.

How the other two fights resulted is not known, but reports say they were attended with much heavier casualties than the first.

This is the report brought to San Antonio by Jose Ordonez, a courier with messages to Don Francisco Madero.

CHAMPAGNE RUNS IN STREETS IN FRANCE

Rioting in the Wine District Continues.

Chalons Sur Marne, France, April 13.—The "champagne war," which has started again in the wine district of Marne, because of the senate's action in adopting a resolution favoring the suppression of all territorial delimitations in the champagne districts, as likely to provoke dissension in various sections of France, has assumed a serious aspect.

The rioting threatens to assume the proportions of the widespread disorders in the champagne districts four years ago, which resulted in the proclamation of martial law.

Wine presses and wine cellars in several towns have been demolished and hundreds of thousands of bottles of champagne destroyed.

At Damery six wine houses were wrecked and the streets so littered with broken bottles and a mixture of mud and wine that traffic has been impeded.

At Venteuil the rioters destroyed several large wine presses and the troops were forced to charge with fixed bayonets before the mob could be dispersed.

An important division of the wine manifestations succeeded in avoiding the troops and reached Epernay in small groups. Then the bands sacked several depots of champagne. Troopers charged the rioters with drawn swords and several persons were wounded.

The remaining force were stopped by troops at the town of Ay, but later escaped through the cordon of soldiers and sacked and burned two wine houses.

Valuable Jewelry Missing.

Baltimore, Md., April 13.—Detectives are searching the city for \$2800 worth of jewelry stolen from or mislaid at the home of General Passenger Agent

Attention, Horse Breeders! SIETO

The Fine German Coach Horse

owned by the Gettysburg German Coach Horse Company, will stand at the following places for the season of 1911:

Monday, at stable of Frank Spangler, on Himes' farm near New Oxford.

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday every week during season—at Globe Hotel, Gettysburg.

Wednesday of every week at stable of J. E. Jacobs on farm of U. E. Kelly, close to Willow Grove Schoolhouse, in Cumberland township.

Friday of every week at sale and exchange stable of E. C. Trostle, Biglerville.

SIETO

is a fine Mahogany Bay, weighs 1300 pounds, stands 16 hands high. He was Imported from Germany in 1906. He is of Oldenburg and Hanoverian Duchy which is among the largest breeders of this type under the German Government Supervision, which produces the finest Cavalry Horses in the world. These large handsome horses are imported most extensively to cross with our ordinary mares to produce hand-some carriage and general purpose horses with great lung power and durability.

Pedigree

The German Coach Horse "Sieto" No. 3625—Sire, Sultan II, No. 993, by Martin 815, by Bernhard No. 861, Dam V. Dolo No. 916, by Palatin No. 1189, by Ardo No. 1000, by Agamemnon No. 560. Has been accepted for register in Vol. III of the German Hanoverian and Oldenburg Coach Horse Stud Book August 21, 1906, under the rules of the Association and numbered 3625.

Terms

\$15 to insure mare, 2 mares \$25 to one person, by note at nine months; \$20 to insure standing colt, note to be returned if mare proves not with foal. Any person parting with mare after being bred will be held responsible for insurance. Care will be taken but no responsibility for accidents or escapes.

The Gettysburg German Coach Horse Company of Gettysburg, Pa.
D. H. Sterner, Keeper.

ALL MY PIMPLES GONE

Girl Tells How a Blotchy Skin Was Cleansed By a Simple Wash.

"I was ashamed of my face," writes Miss Minnie Pickard of Altamahaw, N. C. "It was all full of pimples and scars, but after using D. D. D. Prescription I can say that now there is no sign of that Eczeema, and that was three years ago."

D. D. D. has become so famous as a cure and instant relief in Eczeema and all other serious skin diseases, that its value is sometimes overlooked in clearing up rash, pimples, black-heads, and all other minor forms of skin impurities.

The fact is, that while D. D. D. is so penetrating that it strikes to the very root of Eczeema or any other serious trouble, the soothing Oil of Wintergreen, Thymol and other ingredients are so carefully compounded there is no wash for the skin made that can compare with this great household remedy for every kind of skin trouble.

D. D. D. is pleasant to use, perfectly harmless to the most delicate skin, and absolutely reliable. A 25-cent bottle will give you positive proof of the wonderful effectiveness of this great remedy.

The one great point in favor of corn slilage is that it comes nearer than any other winter ration to duplicating the succulence of the lush grasses of May and June. It is because of this fact that stock is so fond of slilage and that the feeding of it results in such a generous milk flow in the dairy cow and the rapid gain in flesh of the other farm animals to which it is fed.

Royal Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure
The Only Baking Powder Made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Chemists' tests have shown that a part of the alum from biscuit made with an alum baking powder passes into the stomach, and that digestion is retarded thereby.

Read the label and make sure that your baking powder is not made from alum.

FEATHERS AND EGGSHELLS.

When shipping fowls by express fasten them securely. A train never waits for the expressman to catch a retreating rooster, but you will wait a long, long while before an express company pays a claim.

When a fancier buys a combination incubator and brooder with the brooder on top, and all to be heated so scientifically with one lamp, he'll sleep about as much during the first hatch as a man with a lively stable overhead. Then he'll kick the whole shebang out the back door and go and make new resolutions not to swear any more.

When heat in your incubator begins to run way up about the fifteenth day without any apparent cause don't get rattled, but blow yourself a bit. It's a sign you're going to have a good hatch, so keep the heat down to the proper point, and you'll get there O. K.

If low rose combs are seldom frozen they are often soft, especially when quite smooth, and two rose comb roosters can hollow out and spoil each other's headgear through a wire fence quicker than two mad women can bang their bonnets in a bargain counter battle.

In Philadelphia a teaspoonful of rots and spots contained 125,000,000 germs. In New York the same quantity tested 234,000,000 germs. Kansas City now goes up head with 600,000,000 to the teaspoonful.

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

	Per Bu.
Wheat	\$2
New Ear Corn	57
Rye	65
New Oats	35

RETAIL PRICES

	Per 100
Quaker Molasses Dairy Feed	1.25
Schmucker Stock Feed	1.25
Wheat Bran	1.35
Cotton seed meal, per hundred	\$1.70
" " " " " " " "	\$22.00

Corn and Oats Chop	1.25
White Middlings	1.50
Red Middlings	1.45
Timothy hay	1.60
Rye chop	1.90
Baled straw	50
Plaster	\$7.50 per ton
Cement	\$1.25 per bbl.

Flour	\$4.40
Western flour	6.50
Wheat	95
Shelled Corn	65
New Ear Corn	65
New Oats	45

Western Maryland Ry

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT. 25, 1910. Trains leave Gettysburg DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY, as follows:

8:42 a. m., for Baltimore, Hanover and York and all intermediate points.

10:08 a. m., for Fairfield, Pen Mar, Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Elkins and all points westward.

1 p. m. for New Oxford, Hanover, York and intermediate points.

3:42 p. m., for Baltimore, Hanover, York and all intermediate points.

5:45 p. m., for B. & H. Division Points to Highfield, also Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Shippensburg and Hancock.

Sundays Only
Sunday trains arrive at Gettysburg at 10:35 a. m.

5:50 p. m. for New Oxford, Hanover and intermediate points, and also Baltimore 8:40 p. m., local train to York.

A. Robertson, F. M. Howell, V. P. & Gen. Mgr. G. P. A.

Women's and Misses

Ready-to-Wear and Custom Made Garments, can be secured at remarkably low prices by sample.

Large assortment to select from.

Alteration Free.

ELSIE M. THOMAS, Bendersville, Pa.

Lot on Springs Ave. for sale at a bargain if sold quickly. Apply Times Office.

MONEY wanted, \$750 at 5 per cent interest on first mortgage on good real estate. Address "H" Times office.

RECIPROCITY BILL IN THE HOUSE

Democrats Also Present Measure For Big Free List.

IS SOLACE TO FARMERS

Takes the Duty Off of 100 Articles Used Mostly by Agriculturalists. Quick Action Is Expected.

Washington, April 13.—Two of the tariff measures which the Democratic house expects to pass in advance of any general legislation were introduced by Chairman Underwood, of the committee on ways and means.

They are Canadian reciprocity, following the identical lines of the McCall bill passed last session except for a clause authorizing the president to continue negotiations for reciprocity with Canadian articles not covered by the pending agreement, and a bill to put on the free list about 100 articles now dutiable under the general tariff.

The reciprocity bill introduced by Mr. Underwood is practically the same as that introduced in the last session by Mr. McCall, Republican, and reintroduced by him at the opening of this session. A clause was added in the caucus authorizing the president to continue negotiations with Canada for reciprocity in articles not covered by the present agreement.

Free List For Farmers.
The free list bill is designed to placate farmers for agricultural losses which they will sustain under the reciprocity agreement, but it contains also some foodstuffs and boots and shoes.

The list is as follows: Plows, harrows, headers, harvesters, reapers, agricultural drills and planters, mowers, horse rakes, cultivators, threshing machines, cotton gins, farm wagons, farm carts and all other agricultural implements, including repair parts.

Bagging for cotton, gunny cloth and fabrics suitable for baling cotton; burlap and bags for sacking agricultural products; hoop or band iron or steel for baling cotton, wire for baling hay, straw and other agricultural products; grain leather, buff, split, rough and sole leather, band or belting leather, boots and shoes, harness, saddles and saddlery and leather for manufactured articles.

Barbed fence wire, wire rods, wire strands or wire rope, wire woven or manufactured for wire fencing.

Beef, veal, mutton, lamb, pork and meats of all kinds, fresh, salted, pickled, dried, smoked, dressed or undressed, prepared or preserved in any manner; beef, hams, shoulders, lard, lard compounds and lard substitutes; sausage, buckwheat flour, corn meal, wheat and rye flour, bran, middlings and other offals of grain; oatmeal and rolled oats and all prepared cereal foods; biscuits, bread, wafers and similar articles not sweetened.

Timber, hewn, sided or squared; round timber used for spars or in building wharves; shingles, laths, fencing posts, sawed boards, planks, deals and other lumber, rough or dressed, except ebony, mahogany, rosewood and all other cabinet woods.

Sewing machines and salt complete the free list.

May Strike Snag In Senate.

Uncertainty exists as to what course will be pursued in the senate with reference to the reciprocity bill when it reaches there, possibly next week.

Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania, who will become the new chairman of the committee on finance, is said to be friendly to the bill and will urge favorable action. The friends of the bill also make a decided gain in the absence of Senator Hale from the committee. He not only opposed the measure in committee, but obstructed it in the senate at the last session.

Senator Bailey, of Texas, who moves up to the place of senior minority member of the committee, is opposed to the bill, and will make an effort to have it amended. Senator Cummins, of Iowa, who probably will have one of the places to be assigned to the insurgents on the committee, also will seek to have the measure amended, but from a friendly point of view.

With the bill once before the senate a fairly long contest is expected.

Hat Pin Cost Him an Eye.

Omaha, Neb., April 13.—Henry Penner, a gateman at the Union Station, lost an eye as a result of coming in contact with a hat pin and came near losing his life. He was punching tickets at the gate when a fashionably dressed woman pushed her way through the crowd and as she passed the gateman the pin in her hat pierced his eye and, dragging across his temple, tore an ugly gash. The eye was badly mutilated and the sight destroyed. The police tried to find the woman, but failed.

Receiver For \$5,000,000 Concern.

Augusta, Me., April 13.—Frank L. Dutton, of this city, has been appointed receiver of the Bon Air Coal and iron company, a \$5,000,000 Maine corporation which operates coal and iron mines in Tennessee. The appointment grew out of a suit brought by Charles W. Hotchkiss against the corporation, in which he recovered judgment for \$130,000.

Political Advertising

For County Commissioner

J. CARNA SMITH

of Mt. Joy Township.

Subject to decision of Republican Primaries

County Treasurer

George E. Spangler

Gettysburg Borough

OSCAR UNDERWOOD.
Presented Reciprocity Bill and
Free List in House.



© 1911, by American Press Association.

TWO PINNED UNDER AUTO

Freight Train Struck Wrecked Motor and Men Were Severely Injured.

Lancaster, Pa., April 13.—Benjamin Zuck, of Ephrata, accompanied by Henry Bechtel, of the same place, was driving a newly purchased automobile across the Reading railroad bridge near Ephrata, when he lost control of the machine.

The auto plunged over a twenty-five foot embankment and landed on the railroad directly in front of a freight train.

The car had turned turtle and Zuck and Bechtel were pinned down under it. The train hit the automobile and shoved it along the track for a considerable distance.

Both men were terribly bruised and severely gashed on the head.

KENYON ELECTED U. S. SENATOR FROM IOWA

Republicans Chose Insurgent to Succeed Dolliver.

Des Moines, Ia., April 13.—Judge William S. Kenyon, insurgent Republican, was elected United States senator to succeed the late Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver, on the sixty-seventh ballot in the Iowa legislature.

The victory came with the second ballot of the day, and followed a stormy session.

Judge Kenyon received seventy-eight votes, just enough to elect, against twenty-six for Supreme Court Justice Horace E. Deemer, his Republican opponent.

Judge Kenyon will take the seat now occupied by Lafayette Young, the Des Moines editor, who was appointed by the governor to serve until Mr. Dolliver's successor should be elected. If the legislature had adjourned without an election Mr. Young would have had to retire from the senate anyway, as a gubernatorial appointment only holds good until the legislature has either elected or had adjourned, having failed to elect.

The deadlock has been on since Jan. 17. At that time Senator Young was the leading opponent of Judge Kenyon, but was succeeded by Justice Deemer about six weeks ago.

ALLEGES BANKRUPTCY

Claims For \$13,500,000 Filed Against Three Bank Directors.

New York, April 13.—Three involuntary petitions in bankruptcy aggregating \$13,500,000 were filed here against three officers of the failed Carnegie Trust company, now in the hands of the state superintendent of banks.

The respondents are William J. Cummins, one of the leading directors of the trust company; Charles Arthur Moore, Jr., and Martin J. Condon, also directors. Their financial status is given in the petitions as: Cummins, liabilities, \$5,000,000, and assets, \$400,000; Moore, liabilities, \$2,000,000, and assets of \$100,000; Condon, liabilities, \$6,500,000, and assets of \$500,000. Payson Merrill was named receiver for all three under bonds of \$100,000.

The creditors allege against Cummins that preferential payments have been made since he became insolvent and that there has been transfer and concealment of considerable property with intent to hinder, delay and defraud creditors.

Mr. Koenig, counsel for the petitioners, said that the actions were not brought against the respondents as directors in the Carnegie Trust company, but as individuals.

General Greely to See Coronation.

Washington, April 13.—Major General Adolphus W. Greely, retired, has been selected as representative of the United States army on the American special embassy to the coronation of King George V. This appointment supersedes the original selection of Major General Frederick Dent Grant, commanding the department of the east, who on reconsideration has declined the honor. General Greely commanded an expedition to the North Pole early in the eighties and for years was chief signal officer of the army.

Keeley Cure

The cure that has been curing only successful for more than 31 years, worth investigating. For the druggist's habit write for particulars.

The Keeley Institute
812 North Broad St., Phila., Pa.

FOR SALE: nine passenger wagon, good as new. Will sell cheap. Inquire at Times office.

GIRL ACCUSES HER COMPANION

Says "Physical Culturist" Deceived Her to Shore.

MAN UNDER HEAVY BAIL

Katherine Potter, Captured in Boys' Clothing in Atlantic City, Accused Girard at Hearing.

Atlantic City, April 13.—"Dr. F. M. Girard, member of the "outcasts," claimant to the graduation from the McFadden physical culture school, Dr. Benedict Lust's naturopathic institute and Fowler and Wells phenological institute of New York, was held under a total bail of \$3000 on serious charges at the termination of a hearing before Magistrate Philip Grove.

Miss Katherine Potter, a pretty daughter of a prominent and wealthy Sandy Lake, Pa., family, was his accuser. Detective Herbert, who rescued the girl and arrested Girard, when he found them living in a tent hidden away under a huge amusement device, opposite the Million Dollar pier, declared that Girard had been banished from scores of cities by the authorities.

The girl, a pathetic figure, with her dark hair shorn boy fashion and still attired in boys' clothing, covered before the gaze of the man who had lured her from her country home by means of his letters on physical culture. She declared she had a desire to improve her figure, and when she saw his advertisement in magazines wrote him concerning his courses.

Miss Potter testified that she had been instructed to come to this city for treatment. This she did, after Girard had convinced her, through his plausible methods, that he was of high moral character. She came here on the midnight train, met and recognized Girard by a red carnation worn in his buttonhole, a mark of identification agreed upon previously, and was taken to a downtown hotel for the night. Here, according to her testimony, he first betrayed her. This was on March 8.

Then he took her to live under canvas in the Trinity avenue tent, pitched on the west side, a suburban section of the resort, explaining that out of door life was necessary to his "system."

An unsophisticated country girl, Miss Potter was still unsuspecting. She remained with him for a few days. Then his treatment became unbearable. She tried to escape, but he restrained her. Finally she slipped away and got as far as Jamesburg, where he overtook her at the "out-cult" colony, where she had stopped to get some literature. She was taken to Newark and then back to this city.

Then he clipped off her hair, took her to a barber shop and had it trimmed in the most approved masculine style, bought her boys' garments and called her "Jack" when in the hearing of curious neighbors, whose suspicions finally caused Girard to move his tent and "pupil" under the amusement place known as the "figure 8," which occupied a square of beach front between Missouri and Arkansas avenues, running back to Pacific avenue.

The captive after several attempts managed to write a letter on a piece of paper bag to her mother, Mrs. A. Potter, declaring her intention of jumping into the ocean unless help reached her. This she gave to a small boy, who mailed it for her. The girl's family had hunted everywhere for her since her disappearance a month ago. Upon the receipt of the strange letter the mother wired Miss Potter's brother, S. E. Potter, head of a big manufacturing concern of Chicago. He hurried to this city, enlisted the aid of detectives and they found the girl.

RELIC OF FORT SUMTER

Massachusetts Woman Owns Flag Confederates Fired On.

Lowell, Mass., April 13.—The flag which it is believed flew over Fort Sumter when it was fired on by the Confederates fifty years ago is in the possession of Miss Eliza Cowley, of this city.

Miss Cowley says that the flag was given to her brother, the late Charles Cowley, in Charleston, S. C., in Civil War days, and has always been in the possession of the family. Her brother, Charles, was judge advocate on Admiral Dahlgren's staff on the South Atlantic squadron during the latter days of the war.

Miss Cowley says that the flag was shown at the meeting of the Port Royal association in Huxton hall several years ago. She says that her brother always maintained that it was the Fort Sumter flag when Major Anderson was in command.

Welsh Defeats Pal Moore.

New York, Apr. 13.—England's former lightweight champion Freddie Welsh, gave a great exhibition of scientific boxing at the National Sporting club here, easily taking the measure of Pal Moore, the nineteen-year-old boy, in ten rounds.

Manuel Visits Wax Works.

London, April 13.—King Manuel visited Mme. Tussaud's wax works exhibition, accompanied by two friends, who studiously kept him away from the figures of his ill-fated father and brother.

FOR SALE

Runabout buggy, top and fenders, two in one, rubber tire, narrow track, good as new. Paid \$110.00. Present price \$67.

David Knous, Arendtsville, Pa.

YOU save money in wall paper at Gilbert's.

Eat Ziegler's bread.

Thin? Pale?

Consult your doctor freely about medical matters. He knows. Trust him. Do as he says. Follow his advice at all times. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.



JAPALAC

The uses for GOLD JAP-A-LAC are practically endless, but one of the most important is for refinishing old gold leaf chairs. With a can of GOLD JAP-A-LAC you can quickly make a new chair out of an old one. Or if you prefer a silver finish, you can use the ALUMINUM JAP-A-LAC.

And besides the GOLD and ALUMINUM, there are 16 other colors, and there are a hundred uses for each color.

OAK, DARK OAK, WALNUT, MAHOGANY, CHERRY, MALACHITE GREEN, OX-BLOOD RED, ENAMEL GREEN, ENAMEL RED, BRILLIANT BLACK, DEAD BLACK, NATURAL, GLOSS WHITE, FLAT WHITE, GROUND, BLUE, GOLD and ALUMINUM.

All sizes from 20 cts. to \$3.00
The Gettysburg Department Store

Easter Greetings

We will have as large an assortment of Easter Flowers as has ever been displayed in Gettysburg, at prices that will astonish you.

Special For This Week

Pansies of all the colors of the rainbow at prices unusually low, considering the size and quality. Give us a call. Plants delivered to all parts of town.

A. F. COULSON & Son,
FLORISTS
131 Buford Ave.

MICHELIN

"Semelle"
Anti-Skids

Look for this sign on leading tires

The hardened Steel Anti-Skid Studs do prevent skidding

The Leather tread is tough, flexible, and non-puncturing

IN STOCK BY
Crescent Auto Co.,
York and Stratton Streets

I have on hand Four Carloads of Buggies and Wagons. Before buying come in to see me. Prices Right.

J. H. Colliflower 19-23 Baltimore St.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Opening of Spring and Summer Millinery

THURSDAY APRIL 13th. FRIDAY APRIL 14th. SATURDAY APRIL 15th.

All are cordially invited to inspect our Stock which consists of all the New and Up-to-now Styles and Creations of Pretty and Serviceable Hats for Ladies, Misses and Children. The Prices are always the Lowest Consistent with Quality.

Over G. H. Knouse's Store Bertha E. Eldridge, Highville, Penna.

FOR A LONG LIFE

Fresh air and exercise, with proper food and a sufficient amount of sleep are the essentials.

Under such a regime of living, germs cannot develop and many diseases are prevented.

Should the system require a tonic, take only such as you know their ingredients—such as Vinol, which is a delicious combination of the health giving properties of the cod's livers, with all the useless grease eliminated and tonic iron added, happily blended in a mild, medicinal wine.

For this reason Vinol is regarded as one of the greatest body builders and invigorators for aged people. It invigorates and builds them up and keeps them up.

We sell Vinol with the understanding that if it does not give satisfaction the price will be returned. People's Drug Store, C. Wm. Beales, proprietor, Gettysburg, Pa.

COMING EVENTS

- April 16—Easter.
- April 19-20—Educational Conference, Theological Seminary.
- April 21—Parent-Teachers' Association meeting.
- April 20-25—Missionary Convention, Theological Seminary.
- April 26—Base Ball. Mt. St. Mary's, Nixon Field.
- April 27—College Musical Clubs' concert, Brua Chapel.
- May 2—Election of County School Superintendent. Court House.
- May 9, 10—State Postmasters' Convention.
- May 11—Municipal Club of Brooklyn visit.
- May 14—Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen visit to battlefield.

HORSE WISDOM.

The driver should be the horse's best friend. It is everybody's business to interfere with cruelty. You can get no more power from your horse than you give him in his food. Jerking the bit and yelling confuse a horse and advertise a blockhead. Your horse needs water often than you. Any fool can ruin a team, but a wise driver maintains its value. A sandy or muddy road doubles the work. A rise of one foot in ten doubles the work. Checkreins are injurious unless left slack. Your horse may intend to please you, but does not understand your wishes. Axle grease pays 100 per cent profit. There isn't a thing wrong with some horses except their owners. The full feed to the idle horse has cost the life of many a good one. Adjust the feed to the work the horse does. Anybody can raise an ordinary horse and sell it for an ordinary price. It takes blood and feed and care to beat the average.

Too Much For the Distance.

Racing men tell a story concerning an overanxious horse owner and a particularly conscientious rider. The horse owner had issued full orders as to the way a horse was to be ridden in a coming race to a small negro boy, the only rider he could secure. The original orders were added to, with provisions for all sorts of emergencies, until the jockey became bewildered. "Look here, boss," the boy broke in at last, "dis yere race is only one mile. I kain't do all you done told me in just one mile."

Certain Results

Many a Gettysburg Citizen Knows How Sure They are. Nothing uncertain about the work of Doan's Kidney Pills in Gettysburg. There is plenty of positive proof of this in the testimony of citizens. Such evidence should convince the most skeptical doubter. Read the following statement: Mrs. Mary Ohler, 185 Hanover St., Gettysburg, Pa., says: "I was troubled by weak and disordered kidneys for over a year. My back ached constantly and pains extended from my loins into my head. I had chills and dizzy spells and was bothered by the kidney secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills were so highly recommended that I finally procured a box at the People's Drug Store and commenced their use. A few doses brought relief and after continuing the use of this remedy for a short time, all symptoms of my trouble disappeared. Doan's Kidney Pills deserve my endorsement." (Statement given November 1, 1907.)

A WILLING CORROBORATION.

On January 3, 1910, when Mrs. Ohler was interviewed, she said: "I heartily recommend Doan's Kidney Pills again and confirm all I have previously said about them. This remedy should have a permanent place in every household."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McBride Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Wood Sale

On Friday 14th day of April 1911. The undersigned will sell on the Wetzel farm formerly the Andrew Wisler farm in Franklin township on road from Tract road to Scott's school house the following lumber and wood: A large lot of scantling and boards of different sizes and lengths 50 cords of slab wood ten acres of uncult tree tops and wounding timber chestnut posts, lumberman's shanty, chips, chunks and sawdust. 90 days credit on all purchases of \$5 and over, notes being given with approved security. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock p. m.

J. A. Tawney.

J. M. Caldwell auct. P. A. Miller Clerk.

VITAL PROBLEMS FOR THE FARMER

Vast Shrinkage In Farm Profits From Prices Consumers Pay.

There is no more vitally important problem before the public today than that of a proper adjustment of the cost of raising farm produce, shipping it to the market and placing it in the consumer's possession. On these three items of expense to the consumer (for he pays them all) depends the present high cost of living very largely. It is not a shortage in supply, but it is the expense of getting the products of the farm over the railroads and through the middlemen's hands to the man who buys and consumes them. There is no more profitable theme for grange discussion than this, and the grange must help to solve the problem. This it can do by awakening the farmers to an intelligent conception of the subject and to the positive necessity of their selling their produce to the largest extent possible direct to the consumer and thus eliminating, so far as may be, the middlemen's profits.

The recent meeting of the New York State Agricultural society at Albany had this subject before it for an entire session, and several prominent grange officials discussed various phases of the question. Railroad men were present, and the middlemen were also heard.

The Farmers and the Railroads.

Briefs for the railroads were held by industrial agents of the Delaware and Hudson and the Erie roads, one of whom declared that "if the State Agricultural Society of New York is seeking the real culprit and enemy of the farmer it must look to the great number and variety of middlemen who reap such great profits." There was a disposition on the part of the railroad men to blame the middlemen for all the wrongs existing between producer and consumer. They disclaimed any injustice to the farmer and believed that, as a rule, the freight rates on farm produce had been fair to the farmer and further said that if railroads carried the products free it would not alter the selling price to the consumer. It is the middlemen who are crying "Stop thief!" to the farmer, said they.

Some rather interesting facts were given about railroad rates by S. J. Lowell of Fredonia, lecturer of the state grange, and they didn't agree very well with some of the statements made by the railroad gentlemen. Mr. Lowell remarked that he was a grape grower and shipper from the famous Chautauqua grape belt; that in 1909 the grape crop from that section brought \$2,085,467, out of which must be deducted for freight the sum of \$620,000, or 23 per cent of the gross receipts. The minimum freight rate to Pittsburgh was 18 cents per 100 pounds, to Chicago 30 cents and to Seattle \$1.87 1/2. Thus it cost in freight and refrigeration \$53.20 per car load of twelve tons to Pittsburgh, \$87 to Chicago and \$480 to Seattle. The schedule time of transportation between Chautauqua county and Chicago was seventy-two hours, but the actual average time was ninety-six hours, the longest being 108 hours. The fastest time made per hour was seven miles, the slowest three miles, and the average was five and one-third miles per hour. Mr. Lowell believed that it would be hard to convince Chautauqua grape growers that an advance in freight rates was justifiable.

Assemblyman Boshart made the further statement that from data recently obtained it appears that in 1910 the railroads carried into New York 14,500,000 quart cans of liquid milk and 700,000 cans of cream and condensed milk and that the daily average was 53,000 cans of fluid milk. He also found that the average price per can for freight was 26 cents (over five of the railroads), on which basis it was easy to compute that the freight earnings were \$12,000 per day. Mr. Boshart did not believe that milk is now being sold at a profit in this state, all things considered. The railroads and middlemen are getting the difference between what the farmer receives—perhaps 4 cents—and the 5 cents for which it retails.

Farmers and Consumers' Prices.

Discussing the same general question George K. Holmes of the bureau of statistics, department of agriculture, Washington, said that he had reached the conclusion that many farm products are sold by farmers at prices which are not far from one-half of the price paid by consumers. He said: "I have made investigations embracing fruits, potatoes and poultry and dairy products, and in the general average for all of these commodities the conclusion is that the farmer receives only 53 per cent of what the consumer pays—33 per cent of the retailer's price. After the products are delivered by the farmer at the shipping station they are taken by the railroad and carried to the destination. To ascertain what the railroads charge for this service in the case of the large groups of commodities that I have mentioned and for all distances, long and short, is impossible with accuracy. I have devoted considerable time to arrive at a conclusion and have had the benefit of the records of the interstate commerce commission. The result of my endeavor is that for the great classes of commodities embraced in the descriptions of potatoes, fruits and poultry and dairy products the general average cost for freight transportation from the farmer's shipping point to the consumer's market is about 7 per cent of the price paid by the consumer to the retailer. We now stand where we can determine approximately the fraction of the consumer's price that goes to the middlemen in the case of these great groups of products. The farmer receives 53 per cent of the retail price, the railroad gets 7 per cent, and the farmer and railroad together get 60 per cent, so that the remaining 40 per cent goes to the middlemen. For every dollar that the consumer pays to a retailer in the general average for his potatoes, fruits and poultry and dairy products the farmer receives 53 cents, the railroad 7 cents and the middlemen 40 cents. I know of no stronger indictment than this of the costliness and of the economic waste of our distributive system under which farm products are taken from the farm and delivered to the consumer."

The railroad, generally speaking, adds a percentage of injustice to the farmer's prices that is not large. After delivery by the railroad the products are stored a short time, are measured into various retail quantities more or less small, and the dealers are rid of them as soon as possible. The dealer has risks that are practically small except credit sales and such risks as grow out of their trying to do an amount of business which is too small for their number. A small business needs to charge high rates of profit. In the transfer of vegetables from farm to consumer it was found impossible to arrive at a satisfactory railroad charge for transportation, but the fraction of the consumer's price paid for vegetables that is received by the farmer can be determined. This is about 38 per cent in other words, for every dollar that the consumer pays for vegetables that are transported by rail the producer receives about 38 cents.

If vegetables are added to fruits and to poultry and dairy products and a general average is made it is found that almost exactly one-half of the consumer's price goes to the farmer.

The Railroads' Case.

The railroads' side of the question was presented at this meeting by the industrial agents of two railroad companies operating in New York state, the Erie and Delaware and Hudson. The representative of the latter after calling attention to the fact that farmers received during 1909 the vast sum of \$250,000,000 for eggs, meat, potatoes, milk, etc., sold in New York city alone said that the cost to consumers was about 66 per cent more than the amount received by the farmers and that the railroad took 14 per cent, while the balance, or 80 per cent, went to the middlemen.

Some Recommendations.

Summarizing the conclusions of the convention, its committee on marketing and transportation submitted the following report and recommendations: Your committee on marketing, transportation and grievances offers the following report:

We believe the greatest discouragement to farmers today is the fact that they get only between 30 and 50 per cent of the consumer's dollar for their produce. A system has been built up and perfected, backed by large capital, whereby nearly all farm produce must be marketed through commission merchants, who dispose of the produce to jobbers, speculators and cold storage men. They do not to any considerable extent sell directly to retail dealers or consumers. The result is that three or more classes of dealers take a profit out of the produce before his produce reaches the ultimate consumer. This system is strongly entrenched and will fight hard to defeat any legislation which will permit the producer to come into closer relations or which will establish general and effective supervision over their business.

We make the following recommendations:

First.—That a law be passed amending the general agricultural law, authorizing and directing the state commissioner of agriculture to collect and disseminate to residents of this state all information possible relative to agriculture, agricultural labor and the markets for agricultural products; that the agricultural law be further amended so as to require all persons, firms or corporations in this state receiving farm produce of any kind for sale on commission to keep a correct record of the kind and quantity of such produce received and of the sales thereof and the prices received therefor, together with the names and addresses of the shipper and purchaser; and that such record shall be open to the inspection of the shipper or consignee of such goods and to the commissioner of agriculture or his duly authorized representative.

Second.—That a law be passed requiring all persons, firms or corporations receiving farm produce within this state for sale on commission to take out a license from the proper state officer or department and to give adequate bonds of surety and fidelity.

Third.—That a law be passed authorizing and requiring the commissioner of agriculture to have general supervision of all sales of farm produce on commission within this state and to investigate complaints of shippers or consignees of this state regarding the sale or transportation of farm produce, with proper provision for compelling the attendance of witnesses, taking testimony under oath and for collecting evidence in any matter relating to the transportation or sale of farm produce.

Fourth.—That a system be organized by which producers and consumers may be brought into closer business relations. This work could well be undertaken by the grange, so that every community through its local grange could sell the farm produce of its community directly to the retail dealers. This would require selling agents in every market town or city to canvass the retail trade and take orders every day to be transported either once directly or in the large cities through a general office to the various localities where the orders could be filled and shipped direct to the retail dealers. Each selling agent would collect a fee for the produce he sold. In large cities each selling agent would cover a specified district and would be governed by instructions from a general office and report thereunto. The local granges or other organizations would receive orders and see that they were properly filled and would keep the selling agents or general offices in the towns and cities advised of the kind and quantity of produce to be shipped and would exercise general supervision over grading and packing.

Fifth.—That the New York State Agricultural society should urge the enactment of a law establishing a general parcels post, to the end that the farmers of this state might transport quickly and cheaply much of their produce directly to the consumers, thereby greatly lessening the cost of living in cities and towns and at the same time giving more adequate returns to the producers.

J. W. DARROW.

FOR SALE, a house and lot on York street also two vacant lots on same street. Apply to Robert G. Little, Executor Estate of Samuel Little, Deceased, Hanover, Pa.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER Beneficial Society of Gettysburg, Pa., will run an excursion to Baltimore on Thursday April 27. Train leaves Gettysburg 7:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Baltimore, Hillen Station, 8 p. m. Committee.

THE DEACON'S DOG

By M. QUAD

Copyright, 1910, by Associated Literary Press.

Deacon Goodhue had lived in the village of Derbyville for thirty years, and no one had ever seen him out of temper. One day when his character was under discussion a tin peddler said of the deacon:

"That man is too serene. He will break loose some day and astonish you all."

The deacon had got to be fifty years old. He was a widower and was looking out for a second wife. There was an old maid over at Grafton, seven miles away, who filled his eye, and one day he harnessed his horse to the rattling old buggy and drove over there to ask her to be his.

"Waal, Martha, I've been thinking this thing all over, and I've concluded that I want you for a wife."

"But you are just a day too late, deacon," was the answer.

"Has somebody got you?"

"Yes. I gave my promise yesterday."

"Can't you bust it?"

"No, I can't. I'm sorry to put you to the trouble of driving over here, but I can't break my word."

"Oh, waal, I'll just have to look a little further."

"And I hope you will find some one to suit. Have a cup of tea, deacon?"

"No, I guess not."

"But it's a dusty drive," deacon, and I don't want you to go back entirely empty handed. Have you got a dog?"

"Never had one."

"There's one here that came along two weeks ago. He's a lost dog, and I don't want him. Why not take him home with you?"

"Why, I might. I've heard that a dog gets to love you like everything after awhile. He's also purty good company for a lone man."

The deacon was taken out into the back yard to view the canine. It was a big one-eyed dog with a stump tail. He was a blend of different colors, and he shambled when he walked. No other man in the state would have taken him, but he just hit the deacon's fancy, and he also felt the sentiment connected with the gift. He had come to ask a woman to marry him, but was a day too late. She seemed to regret it and wanted to show that there were no hard feelings by presenting him with a one-eyed dog.

If the deacon had figured on taking a month to get a line on that canine's character he soon discovered his error. In driving the seven miles back home sixteen dogs belonging to sixteen different farmers came rushing out to interview the strange canine and make him wish he had never been born. Each and every one of the sixteen was duly and thoroughly chewed up and half killed.

"Rather forward in his views—rather forward," said the good man to himself after about the eighth conflict, "but mebbe it is better so."

For two days after reaching what was to be his home the dog, which was named Sambo by the deacon, stuck to the back yard and the solitude of an empty barrel. Then he went forth to see the town. As was natural, the village dogs approached him either to welcome or throw out a bluff. It made no difference which to Sambo. He treated all alike. His one eye burned like a live coal, his hair stood up like bristles, that stump tail cased wagging, and with a roar like a lion he descended upon the canine before him and made things sad for him.

There are dog owners that will stand by and see their dogs rolled in the dust and more or less crippled and make no sign, but such men are few and far between. In one day the deacon had more men down on him than in all the years before. They even forgot what a good man he was and swore at him and threw stones at his dog. As it was on the first day, so it was on the second and third. Then every dog in the town had been licked, and none of them would pass beyond the gate. If there was a hero in Derbyville it was Sambo Goodhue. He was a detested hero, however. The deacon was told that if he didn't get rid of the dog he would be shot or poisoned off, and it was then seen that he had spunk back of his serenity. He took the side of the dog. He talked right back to those who talked to him, and once he spat on his hands and was about to take off his coat.

The deacon had broken loose at last, and the prophecy of the peddler was being realized. There were wonder and astonishment in Derbyville that night. Folks thought the climax had been reached, but it hadn't.

A crowd of fifty men came to kill Sambo. The deacon shed his coat and vest and sailed in. He whooped and yelled. He struck and he kicked. He rolled up the enemy before him, and behind them was Sambo to do his full part. The full moon came up to look down on the broken and the bitten, and the deacon didn't stop yelling for an hour afterward.

Then Sambo was missing. He had come and seen and conquered. He had cleaned up the town and set out for other worlds to conquer. His master whistled and called, but in vain. It was a year later before they started to forgive the deacon for serenity and good nature was restored, but it came at last, and when death called him he had a funeral procession half a mile long and the horses on the walk at that.

FOR SALE: a twelve room brick dwelling. The residence of the late Mrs. Caroline Rupp, deceased, 34 West Middle street, C.A. Blocher, Executor.

SPECIAL pans of hyacinths for the cemetery. Fifty cents. Cremer, florist.

THE meals at Raymond's Cafe are always good.

THE finest line of blooming Easter plants ever offered. From Tuesday on. Cremer, florist.

PASTERNS OF THE DRAFT HORSE.

The time was not very long ago when a draft horse was supposed to have a short, upright pastern and an upright shoulder. The inference was that a horse with a short, upright pastern was stronger than a horse that had a long sloping pastern. I am not prepared to deny that statement, says Dr. Henry G. Reed. I don't know but that there is something in it. If you take a draft horse with a straight up and down formation there is a possibility, everything else being equal, that that horse might move a heavier load than a horse with a springing pastern. Why do not we want that? That is what draft horses are for, and if they have a formation which will enable them to move a heavier load why is not that the correct formation? It is simply because these horses will not wear.

You all know that the best of these draft horses get into the city; they spend their lives drawing drays up and down the paved streets of the city, and every time the horse with a straight up and down formation puts his foot on the hard pavement it is a straight up and down impact, and the horse will become sore before he is on the pavement any considerable time.

Take a horse with a pastern fairly long and sloping; every time he puts his foot down there is a spring which relieves the concussion, and as a result of that the hoof will stand the wear and tear a much greater period than a horse with a short up and down formation. We like a fairly sloping shoulder for the same reason. We ought not to be carried away with the fact that because a horse has a



The Shire mare Finstall Bonnie Princess, herewith shown, was a first prize winner at the international show last year. The showing of Shires at the international was about the biggest thing of its kind ever pulled off on the American continent. This strong, heavily built, active English horse seems to be gaining a good deal of favor among American horsemen in recent years. A noticeable feature was the large number of grays exhibited in striking contrast to the solid dark colors prevalent a few years ago.

straight up and down pastern and shoulder he is a better draft horse. The market today does not want it, though I think possibly in some cases a long pastern and sloping shoulder are becoming a fad.

I have seen horses that were too long and sloping in the pastern and sloping too much in the shoulder, but we want to get away from that short, upright formation, and we ought not to go too far the other way—there is always danger of going to the other extreme. Here we have a mare with a fairly well sloping pastern and a fairly sloping shoulder, far from the old fashioned formation and not at all too much for the up to date draft horse.

About Rickets. Rickets—or "progressive rachitis," as veterinarians call it—is a disease the cause of which is not fully determined. It is, however, most common in regions where the soil is deficient in lime salts and in cases where the mare has been fed corn largely when in foal. This disease does not always, as many suppose, manifest itself soon after the birth of the colt or other young animal, especially when it takes on the progressive form of the disease. There is no known specific for it. However, many recover when fed liberally on oats.

HOW THE SILO HELPS.

By means of the silo more of the food value of forage can be saved than by any other method of preservation.

The silo affords the means of keeping in small compass a large quantity of forage safe from the weather and in convenient form to feed.

Forage placed in the silo keeps at a uniform quality, whereas field cured forage constantly deteriorates.

Considering the food value saved, the silo affords the cheapest means for forage preservation.

Because of the palatability and succulence silage possesses higher feeding value than does the same forage dry cured. Conservative feeders estimate that the silo doubles the value of the forage crop.

Silage can be used in summer and fall to supplement pasture.

It has been conclusively proved that the silo effects a considerable saving in the cost of production of beef, mutton and milk.

The silo enables the farmer to keep more live stock, which promotes the rotation of crops and the preservation of soil fertility.

WANTED: a chauffeur for the Arendtsville Auto Co. Address Manager, Arendtsville.

WANTED: boy for delivery wagon. Apply Times office.

FOR SALE: new six horse stationary gasoline engine. Will sell or exchange for horse. C. C. Trostle.

INSPECT Gilbert's line of wall paper.

Easter Shoes and Clothing



Let your Easter Shoes be Ralston's or Fellowcraft. You will get a new pair of Shoes to go with that new Spring Suit—of course. If you use the same care in buying your shoes that you show in picking out that becoming suit, your choice will be Ralston's or Fellowcraft. Also a full line of Oxfords for women and children.

MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S SUITS

All the popular shades of the season are included such as Blue and Black Serges, Fancy Gray, Steels and new shades of Tan. Also a large line of neat Worsteds in every shade.

Boy's Easter Suits from \$1.50 up.

O.H. LESTZ, Corner Centre Square and Carlisle Streets.

G.W. Weaver & Son

...The Leaders...



Gettysburg, Pa. Gettysburg, Pa.

EASTER

Now is the time to have a picture taken, Easter brings happiness, with it a new dress or hat, and a good expression.

You can make an appointment for any day in the week.

Expert posing and lighting, enable us to procure portraits of merit, pictures that please.

Mumper's Studio

Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Capital \$100,000 Surplus \$150,000

The First National Bank

of Gettysburg.

This Bank on and after Nov. 1, 1910

will pay 3 1-2 per cent per annum on all moneys deposited

on special certificate for a period of

six months.

This rate of interest will apply to

all outstanding certificates from Nov. 1, 1910.

D. G. Minter, President. S. M. Bushman, Cashier